

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT & EMPLOYMENT

- Where and what types of employment do we require in South Dublin over the next 6 years and beyond?
- How can this plan contribute towards the development of a strong resilient economy?

National & Global Context

This paper is issued in uncertain economic times as the global economy deals with the impact of Covid 19. The Quarterly Economic Commentary for winter 2019 (ESRI) forecast continued substantial GDP growth of 5.8% in 2019 with a slightly lower growth rate of 3.3% in 2020. This reflected lower growth rates in the wider EU and the potential impact of Brexit. However, by March 2020 the Economic and Social Research Institute gave a scenario where our economy would shrink by 7.1% this year. Similarly, at the start of 2020 unemployment was just 4.8%

having recovered strongly following the financial recession. These low levels of unemployment will change at least in the short term as we emerge from the virus pandemic.

This Plan will cover the years 2022-2028. During the preparation of the Plan regard will be had to best advice on the needs of our economy. The Plan will reflect this and **develop policy** capable of facilitating resilience and recovery, should the latter be necessary, in order to further **progress economic growth** and **development** within both the **urban** and **rural** areas of the County.

Planning Context

Both the National Planning Framework and the Regional Spatial & Economic Strategy highlight the importance of employment within the County. Tallaght, the Naas Road/ Ballymount, Adamstown and **Clonburris** are identified as areas for potential employment development. The **policy** within the Development Plan will aim to create conditions to

attract internationally mobile investment and opportunities for indigenous enterprise growth in line with national and regional frameworks. An analysis of existing zoned employment lands will be carried out to assess their ability to deliver likely employment needs over the term of the Plan.

South Dublin: The Facts and Figures

1,351.41 ha - land zoned for Enterprise and Employment 554 ha - remains undeveloped *Full review will take place during CDP process

Grange Castle

Significant existing and future

2016 - SDCC 13.3% State 12.9%

2020 - State 4.8%

Businesses 6,800

Employed 85,000

Total Labour Force **137,475** people **119,210** at Work 49% of population

- Ordinary Degree or Higher **37%** of

6 million

Overseas tourists in 2018 in Dublin

Households working age where social welfare was majority of income 13.1%

Households where pension is the majority income **9.7%**

> Household Median **Gross Income** €52,759





Tourism

Tourism contributes to the economic and social well-being of the County. The expansion of the tourism industry will aid in generating revenue, supporting jobs and creating opportunities for event/ services provision. The plan will aim to promote and facilitate through appropriate policy/ objectives the development of sustainable tourism and recreation throughout the county. The **Dublin Mountains Parks** Flagship Project is a Council initiative and is currently with An Bord Pleanala as a planning application.



Retail

The plan will set out the level and form of retail activity appropriate to various areas within the County and define the extent of core retail areas. The Plan will need to think about the changing form of retail as on-line shopping increases.

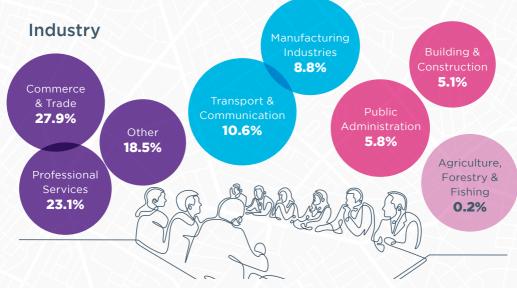
Major Town Centres Tallaght and Liffey Valley

Town or District Centre Adamstown, Crumlin (Ashleaf), Clonburris, Clondalkin, Citywest, Kilnamanagh, Lucan, Rathfarnham.



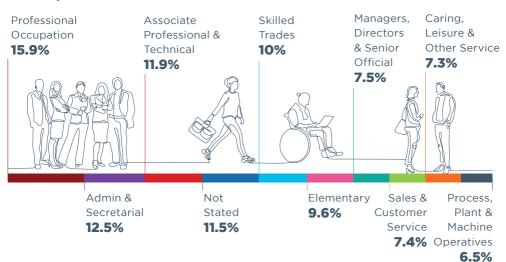
Agriculture & Rural Diversification

Agriculture is part of the South Dublin economy. It faces many challenges as practices and the economy changes and climate change impacts on different crops and livestock production. Farm diversification is one of a number of strategies available to farmers. The Development Plan needs policies to support agriculture and to recognise that new sustainable enterprises that complement the rural landscape may be appropriate as farms diversify.





Occupation Breakdown





DELIVERY: Ensuring sufficient lands are zoned for employment facilitating the right types of jobs in the right places is part of the successful delivery of sustainable communities throughout the County.





